ONE OF THE 20TH CENTURY’S MOST BELOVED BOOKS—SAINT-EXUPÉRY’S THE LITTLE PRINCE—IS THE SUBJECT OF A MAJOR EXHIBITION AT THE MORGAN

SHOW INCLUDES THE ORIGINAL WORKING MANUSCRIPT AND WATERCOLORS, AS WELL AS LETTERS AND PHOTOGRAPHS, EXPLORING THE CREATION OF A TRUE LITERARY LANDMARK 70 YEARS AGO IN NEW YORK

The Little Prince: A New York Story
January 24–April 27, 2014

**Press Preview: Thursday, January 23, 2014, 10–11:30 a.m.**
RSVP: media@themorgan.org; (212) 590-0393

New York, NY, December 3, 2013—Since its publication seventy years ago, Antoine de Saint-Exupéry’s The Little Prince has captivated millions of readers throughout the world. Remarkably, this French tale of an interstellar traveler who comes to Earth in search of friendship and understanding was written and first published in New York City, during the two years the author spent there at the height of the Second World War. The Little Prince: A New York Story, a major exhibition at the Morgan Library & Museum, will feature Saint-Exupéry’s original watercolors and heavily-revised working manuscript. Focusing on the story’s American origins, it is the first exhibition to explore in depth the creative decisions Saint-Exupéry made as he crafted what would become one of the best-selling books of all time—now translated into more than two hundred fifty languages. The Little Prince: A New York Story will be on view from January 24 through April 27, 2014.
The heart of the exhibition is the display of the author’s working manuscript and drawings, which were acquired by the Morgan in 1968. Also on view will be rare printed editions from the Morgan’s collection as well as personal letters, photographs, and artifacts on loan from the Saint-Exupéry estate, private collections, and museums and libraries in France and the United States.

“The Little Prince has had a profound impact on generations of children and adults alike,” said William M. Griswold, Director of the Morgan. “This exhibition allows us to step back to the moment of creation and witness Saint-Exupéry at work right here in New York. One discovers the author-aviator struggling with the enormity of events impacting his native France and the world at large, while finding the focus to complete a tale as magical today as it was seventy years ago.”

The New York story

And I saw there before me an extraordinary little fellow who looked at me very seriously. . . . I said to him, “What are you doing here?”

– draft of The Little Prince

Like many of his compatriots, Saint-Exupéry came to the United States after France fell to Germany in 1940. During his two years in New York, Saint-Exupéry lived on Central Park South and later on Beekman Place, and he and his wife, Consuelo, rented a summer house on the north shore of Long Island. He worked on The Little Prince at various spots around the city, including the Park Avenue apartment of his friend Silvia Hamilton (later Reinhardt), using her black poodle as a model for the sheep and a mop top doll for the title character. On view in the exhibition will be a manuscript page in which Saint-Exupéry made explicit mention of Manhattan, Long Island, and even Rockefeller Center—references that he ultimately deleted from the story. Even the paper Saint-Exupéry used to draft his text reveals that The Little Prince was literally made in America—the watermark, which is visible when the sheets are held up to the light, reads Fidelity Onion Skin. Made in U.S.A.
Saint-Exupéry’s time in America was fraught with personal anxiety, physical ailments, and, above all, the weight of war. After the Allied invasion of North Africa, he was able to rejoin his squadron, leaving New York just as *The Little Prince* was rolling off the presses in April 1943. As he prepared to leave the city, Saint-Exupéry appeared at Silvia Hamilton’s door wearing an ill-fitting military uniform. “I’d like to give you something splendid,” he said, “but this is all I have.” He tossed a rumpled paper bag on her entryway table. Inside were the manuscript and drawings for *The Little Prince*. The Morgan Library & Museum acquired them from her in 1968.

Because Saint-Exupéry left the city hastily to return to war, the author inscribed only a handful of copies of *The Little Prince* to friends. Exhibited for the first time will be the book he gave to Hamilton’s twelve-year-old son, one of the first young people to hear the story, open to the charming inscription: “For Stephen, to whom I have already spoken about the *The Little Prince*, and who perhaps will be his friend.” It is the only copy that Saint-Exupéry is known to have presented to a child.

Saint-Exupéry did not live to see his work appear in his native France, where it was published only after the war; he died while piloting a lone reconnaissance flight in 1944, just weeks before the liberation of Paris. The exhibition includes an extraordinarily moving artifact—the silver identity bracelet that Saint-Exupéry was wearing when his plane went down in 1944. Recovered near Marseille in 1998 after it was snagged in a fisherman’s net, it is inscribed with Saint-Exupéry’s name and the address of the American publisher of *The Little Prince*: Reynal & Hitchcock, 386 Fourth (i.e., Park) Avenue, N.Y.C., U.S.A. The bracelet is on loan from the estate of Antoine de Saint-Exupéry. It has never before been exhibited in the United States.

Along with drawings and letters sent to New York friends, the exhibition includes works that illustrate the profound impact *The Little Prince* had on American readers. On view will be the manuscript diary of fellow author-aviator Anne Morrow Lindbergh, who felt the work conveyed a sense of “personal sadness – eternal sadness – eternal hunger – eternal searching,” as well as a letter from an Illinois schoolteacher who thanked Saint-Exupéry for providing a thought-provoking story at “a time when we need help in thinking more deeply.” The
book even kept Orson Welles up all night reading; he purchased the screen rights the following day, though the film never came to fruition. His annotated screenplay will be displayed.

The original manuscript

*If it’s all the same to you I will begin this story like a fairy tale. . . . “Once upon a time there was a little prince. . . .”*

– draft of *The Little Prince*

The Morgan’s 140-page manuscript is the only surviving handwritten draft of *The Little Prince* (aside from two pages that were sold at auction in 2012) and therefore the most important record of Saint-Exupéry’s creative decisions as he crafted his novel. The exhibition will feature twenty-five manuscript pages—only a handful of which have ever been on public display. A gallery guide will provide complete transcriptions and English translations of the heavily-revised French text on display.

Replete with crossed-out words and multiple versions of nearly every chapter, the manuscript even bears cigarette burns or coffee stains that reflect the author’s working habits. He often wrote late into the night and thought nothing of calling friends at two o’clock in the morning to read a few pages aloud and gauge their reaction. After completing an early version, Saint-Exupéry may have used his Dictaphone (purchased in New York at the extravagant price of $683) to revise orally before entrusting the work to a typist and, ultimately, the publisher.

The pages on view include familiar passages in their earliest, rawest form, from the story’s opening, in which the pilot-narrator first meets the little prince, to the title character’s unforgettable encounter with the wise fox who begs to be tamed. Visitors will also see an early rendering of the story’s most famous line—“l’essentiel est invisible pour les yeux” (what is essential is invisible to the eye)—a phrase so key to the narrative that Saint-Exupéry went through some fifteen versions before settling on the final wording.
Along with these familiar passages, visitors may examine drafts that Saint-Exupéry discarded altogether, such as an account of the little prince’s vegetarian diet—he tended his own garden, growing radishes, tomatoes, beans, and potatoes (but no fruit—the trees were too invasive for his tiny planet). Saint-Exupéry also tossed out entire episodes that he had written about the little prince’s time on earth, including an encounter with a shopkeeper who handed him a marketing textbook (“it’s full of slogans that are easy to remember”) and an inventor whose contraption could satisfy any desire at the touch of a button—even producing a lit cigarette and placing it between one’s lips.

Finally, a three-page draft of the story’s poignant epilogue, never before exhibited, hints at the author’s agony as he worked on the story while the world was at war and his own country occupied by the Nazis. “On one star someone has lost a friend, on another someone is ill, on another someone is at war,” the narrator laments in this deleted passage. As for the little prince, “he sees all that . . . For him, the night is hopeless. And for me, his friend, the night is also hopeless.”

The drawings

*I’ve never told the grown-ups that I’m not from their world. I’ve hidden the fact that I’ve always been five or six years old at heart. And therefore I have hidden my drawings from them. But I love to show them to my friends. These drawings are my memories.*

— draft of *The Little Prince*

*The Little Prince* begins and ends with drawings: the first page features an image of a boa constrictor that sparked the narrator’s imagination as a child; the last shows what became, for the narrator, “the loveliest and saddest landscape in the world” after the little prince bid him farewell in the Sahara.

The Morgan’s entire collection of forty-three of the earliest versions of drawings for the book—most in watercolor but a few penned on pages of the manuscript—will be on view. Presented alongside these early drawings will be images from the first edition, allowing comparisons between the two versions. In addition, a newly discovered drawing, never
before published or publicly exhibited, will be shown. The drawing is from the collection of Mark Reinhardt, the grandson of Silvia Hamilton, to whom Saint-Exupéry entrusted his manuscript and drawings before leaving New York. It depicts one of the most evocative scenes from the book: the little prince watching sunsets on his tiny planet. The Morgan holds two drawings of the same scene, and viewers will be able to see and compare the three versions.

Some of the drawings depict familiar images from the book: the little prince in the desert, the king alone on his planet, the little prince lying beside a garden after discovering that his rose is not unique in the universe. Others were excluded from the published book, such as a view of the pilot asleep on the sand after his plane has crashed a thousand miles from any living soul. One of the most haunting images—an unpublished drawing of the little prince wearing his yellow scarf and floating above Earth—was clearly wadded up into a ball only to be rescued from the garbage can, flattened and retained.

Also on display will be a deleted passage that underscores the centrality of the drawings to *The Little Prince*. The narrator, discouraged from an artistic career by grown-ups who thought he should focus instead on math and geography, explains: “I’ve never told the grown-ups that I’m not from their world. I’ve hidden the fact that I’ve always been five or six years old at heart. And therefore I have hidden my drawings from them. But I love to show them to my friends. These drawings are my memories.”

**Antoine de Saint-Exupéry**

Antoine de Saint-Exupéry (1900–1944) was a French aviator who came of age in the early, heady days of commercial flight. He piloted the mails in North Africa and South America and later served as a reconnaissance pilot with the French Air Force during the Second World War. He wrote of his experiences in a series of novels and essays that turned him into a best-selling author and celebrity both at home and abroad. Saint-Exupéry enjoyed making sketches from the time he was a boy and spent a few unproductive months in architecture school when he was twenty, but had no formal training as an artist and had never illustrated a book before embarking on *The Little Prince*. 
Photojournalist John Phillips (1914–1996), known for his contributions to Life, captured Major Saint-Exupéry with his comrades on the island of Sardinia just weeks before his final mission in 1944. A selection of Phillips’s striking photographs will be shown.

Children’s literature at the Morgan

The drawings and manuscripts for The Little Prince are part of the Morgan’s rich collection of children’s literature, which includes the earliest written record of the Mother Goose tales (a 1695 illustrated manuscript of Charles Perrault’s Contes de Ma Mere l’Oye), illustrated letters of Beatrix Potter, and the drafts and drawings for Jean de Brunhoff’s Histoire de Babar (1931).

Several important precursors to The Little Prince will be on view immediately outside the exhibition gallery. They include a luxe 1909 French illustrated book that features Hans Christian Andersen’s tale “The Little Mermaid,” which inspired Saint-Exupéry, and an early edition of Mary Poppins, whose author, P. L. Travers, was one of the first (and most astute) reviewers of The Little Prince. She addressed the persistent question of whether the book is for children or adults, predicting that the multi-layered story would “shine upon children with a sidewise gleam. It will strike them in some place that is not the mind and glow there until the time comes for them to comprehend it.”

Visiting with families

A bilingual (English/French) gallery guide will be available for families, and Little Prince coloring sheets for younger visitors will be on hand for those dining in the Morgan Café. The exhibition installation will include a reading area with colorful carpets and stools where visitors may sit together and page through copies of The Little Prince in both English and French. On April 27, 2014, the Morgan will present its Spring Family Fair with Little Prince-themed activities including
theater, film, costume play, and collaborative mural-painting that bring the book to life for young visitors.

Seventieth-anniversary publications

The exhibition coincides with the release of a full facsimile edition of the Morgan manuscript by Éditions Gallimard, entitled *Le Manuscrit du Petit Prince d’Antoine de Saint-Exupéry: Fac-similé et Transcription*, edited by Alban Cerisier et Delphine Lacroix. A variety of new seventieth-anniversary editions of *The Little Prince* have also been published in English by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt and in French by Gallimard.

PUBLIC PROGRAMS

*Film*

**Only Angels Have Wings**

*Friday, February 7, 7 pm*  
(1939, 121 minutes); Director: Howard Hawkes  
This classic film about mail carriers and their dangerous flights over the Andes strongly resembles Saint-Exupéry’s book *Flight to Arras*. Featuring Cary Grant, Jean Arthur, and Rita Hayworth.

Free with museum admission. Tickets are available at the Admission Desk on the day of the screening.

*Family Program*

**Imagine Your Planet: What Planet Do You Come From?**

*Saturday, February 8, 2-4 pm*  
Drawing inspiration from Saint-Exupéry’s watercolors and sketches, families will imagine traveling from planet to planet with the little prince. Children will then envision their very own planet and build it with an array of materials such as clay, wire, beads, fabric, yarn, and tissue.

Tickets: $8, $6 for Members, $2 for children  
www.themorgan.org/programs; 212-685-0008 x560

*Gallery Talk*

**Friday, February 21, 6:30 pm**  
Exhibition curator Christine Nelson will lead this informal tour of *The Little Prince: A New York Story*.

Free with museum admission
**Talk**

The Little Prince and the Big War  
Tuesday, February 25, 6:30 pm  
Adam Gopnik, New Yorker essayist and author of *The Steps Across The Water, The King In The Window, and Paris to the Moon*—and who is currently adapting *The Little Prince* for the National Ballet of Canada—will talk about Antoine de Saint-Exupéry and the Second World War, and how his haunting children’s masterpiece can be seen as an idiosyncratic piece of war literature. The exhibition will be open at 5:30 pm for program attendees.

Tickets: $15; $10 for Members; Free for students with valid ID, subject to availability.  
www.themorgan.org/programs; 212-685-0008 x560

**Gallery Talk**

Saturday, March 1, 3 pm  
Marie Trope-Podell, the Morgan’s Manager of Gallery Programs, will lead this French language tour of *The Little Prince: A New York Story.*

Free with museum admission

**Talk**

Saint-Exupéry in New York: A Conversation with Stacy Schiff  
Tuesday, March 11, 6:30 pm  
Pulitzer Prize-winning biographer Stacy Schiff, author of *Saint-Exupéry, Véra (Mrs. Vladimir Nabokov), A Great Improvisation: Franklin, France, and the Birth of America,* and *Cleopatra: A Life,* talks with Christine Nelson, Drue Heinz Curator of Literary and Historical Manuscripts, about Saint-Exupéry’s miserable, insomniacal, brilliantly productive New York years. The exhibition will be open at 5:30 pm for program attendees.

Tickets: $15; $10 for Members; Free for students with valid ID, subject to availability.  
www.themorgan.org/programs; 212-685-0008 x560

**Film**

The Little Prince  
Friday, March 14, 7 pm  
(1974, 88 minutes); Director: Stanley Donen  
Lerner and Loewe’s adaptation of Antoine de Saint-Exupéry’s beloved tale of a stranded pilot who befriends a “little” prince is set to music, starring Gene Wilder as the Fox and Bob Fosse as the Snake.

Free with museum admission. Tickets are available at the Admission Desk on the day of the screening.
Concert
Michaël Lévinas, piano
Catherine Trotman, mezzo-soprano
Friday, April 11, 7:30 pm
Composer and pianist Michaël Lévinas with mezzo-soprano Catherine Trotman present a program of French music, including an excerpt from a newly-commissioned opera, *The Little Prince*, based on Antoine de Saint-Exupéry’s book, premiering at Opera de Lausanne in fall 2014. The exhibition will be open at 6:30 for program attendees.

Debussy, First book of Preludes
Ravel, *Sheherazade*
Poulenc, *Banalités*
Messiaen, “Pourquoi,” “Le sourire”
Levinas, “La rose chante” (extract from the opera *Le Petit Prince*, “The Rose”)

Tickets: $35; $25 for Members
www.themorgan.org/programs; 212-685-0008 x560

Talk
The Pilot and the Little Prince: A Conversation with Peter Sís
Tuesday, April 22, 6:30 pm
Internationally acclaimed illustrator, filmmaker, and author of over twenty books, Peter Sís talks about his forthcoming book *The Pilot and the Little Prince: The Life of Antoine de Saint-Exupéry* with Christine Nelson, Drue Heinz Curator of Literary and Historical Manuscripts. The exhibition will be open at 5:30 pm for program attendees.

Tickets: $15; $10 for Members; Free for students with valid ID, subject to availability.
www.themorgan.org/programs; 212-685-0008 x560

Family Program
Spring Family Fair
Sunday, April 27, 2-5 pm
This year’s Spring Family Fair takes its inspiration from *The Little Prince*. Families will watch an animated short film (*The Little Prince*/Will Vinton), compose a large mural made of planets, and try on fun costumes. The Ben Jam troupe will bring to life the little prince, the fox, and the rose and invite families to follow the mysterious little boy in his magical journey through outer space and planet Earth. Appropriate for ages 6–12.

Tickets: $8, $6 for Members, $2 for children
www.themorgan.org/programs; 212-685-0008 x560
ORGANIZATION AND SPONSORSHIP

The exhibition is organized by Christine Nelson, the Morgan’s Drue Heinz Curator of Literary and Historical Manuscripts.

Lead funding for this exhibition is provided by Barbara and James Runde and by The Florence Gould Foundation.

Generous support is also provided by Air France, Liz and Rod Berens, and the Caroline Macomber Fund, with additional assistance from Houghton Mifflin Harcourt.

The programs of The Morgan Library & Museum are made possible with public funds from the New York City Department of Cultural Affairs in partnership with the City Council, and by the New York State Council on the Arts with the support of Governor Andrew Cuomo and the New York State Legislature.

The Morgan Library & Museum
The Morgan Library & Museum began as the private library of financier Pierpont Morgan, one of the preeminent collectors and cultural benefactors in the United States. Today, more than a century after its founding in 1906, the Morgan serves as a museum, independent research library, musical venue, architectural landmark, and historic site. In October 2010, the Morgan completed the first-ever restoration of its original McKim building, Pierpont Morgan’s private library, and the core of the institution. In tandem with the 2006 expansion project by architect Renzo Piano, the Morgan now provides visitors unprecedented access to its world-renowned collections of drawings, literary and historical manuscripts, musical scores, medieval and Renaissance manuscripts, printed books, and ancient Near Eastern seals and tablets.

General Information
The Morgan Library & Museum
225 Madison Avenue, at 36th Street, New York, NY 10016-3405
212.685.0008
www.themorgan.org
Just a short walk from Grand Central and Penn Station
Hours
Tuesday–Thursday, 10:30 a.m. to 5 p.m.; extended Friday hours, 10:30 a.m. to 9 p.m.; Saturday, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sunday, 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.; closed Mondays, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and New Year’s Day. The Morgan closes at 4 p.m. on Christmas Eve and New Year’s Eve.

Admission
$18 for adults; $12 for students, seniors (65 and over), and children (under 16); free to Members and children 12 and under accompanied by an adult. Admission is free on Fridays from 7 to 9 p.m. Admission is not required to visit the Morgan Shop, Café, or Dining Room.